

Welcome to Year 2

**Information for Parents** 

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# **Welcome letter**

Dear Parents and Carers,

Welcome to Year 2!

We are looking forward to getting to know you and working together so that we have a very exciting and productive year. We hope that your child enjoys the new challenges and experiences that Year 2 has to offer!

Year 2 is an important year for learning. The children are expected to become more independent readers, writers and mathematicians as the year advances. The Year 2 curriculum builds upon and extends the experiences that children have had in Year 1 and they will continue to learn through exciting topics so that they remain motivated, enthused and eager learners.

We hope this booklet will answer any questions you may have about the curriculum and requirements of Year 2.

We welcome any parent helpers into Year 2 on a regular basis (for example to hear readers) or for a specific purpose. If you are able to offer any help please get in touch with your child's class teacher to arrange a suitable time.

The Year 2 Team

#### As a school we aim to:

- We aim to promote an exciting, creative and supportive learning environment, which energizes each child to value themselves and maximize their potential
- We aim to give our learners the highest standard of education, through excellence and innovation in teaching, linked with a relevant and engaging curriculum which recognizes children's needs and individual learning styles.
- We aim to equip each child with life skills so that they may become confident, responsible, caring adults of tomorrow, within an ever-changing, multi-cultural society.

#### Meet the Year 2 team.....

Name	Role
Mr Paul Munro	Penguin Class Teacher
Miss Eliza Graham	Seal Class Teacher
Mrs Wendy Child	Classroom Assistant
Mrs Carrie Best	Classroom Assistant
Ms Sarah Cullern	PPA teacher
Mrs Charlotte Bazeley	PPA teacher

#### **The School Day**

Our school day runs: -

Juniors - from 8.45 a.m. until 3 p.m., with a lunch break from 12.30 - 1.15 p.m.

Infants - from 8:55 a.m. until 3 p.m., with a lunch break from 12:00 - 1:00 p.m.

It is important that all children arrive on time every day.

The school gates will be open from 8.30 a.m. and the inner gates will be open from 8.35 a.m. Pupils in all year groups can go straight to their classrooms and take part in independent learning activities until registration at 8.45 a.m. for Juniors and 8:55 a.m. for Infants. Any child entering the school after their registration time must enter school through the main entrance and sign in at the office to ensure that records are kept up to date in case of a fire (even if your child has been at the doctor or dentist for example).

#### Absence

Please contact the school before 9.00 a.m. to advise of any absence, a message can be left on the absence line.

Holidays or days off must be authorised beforehand by the Headteacher following completion and submission of an Absence Request form which can be downloaded from the website.

#### **Homework Expectations**

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
	Reading, spe	ellings and times tab	les everyday	
Spelling will be set on a Monday tested weekly on a Tuesday. See below for more detail.		Homework due in		Maths/Literacy/Topic homework set on Seeasaw on alternate weeks

They will receive 3-week blocks spellings to learn. These will be given out every third Monday via Seesaw and the children will be tested each week on a Tuesday. These spellings are from the Spelling Shed Scheme and can be accessed through Spelling Shed.

In the Summer term, the children will be set homework projects which will enable them to demonstrate the skills they have learned over the year. These projects, once complete, can be brought in to the school to share with the class to celebrate.

# Learning at Leechpool

# a) Valuing All Learners Equally

#### Aspirations

#### As a learning community, we will strive to

- Learn from one another, and with one another
- Have high expectations of each other
- Help each other to develop self-confidence and a positive self-image
- Be constructive, critical and analytical thinkers
- Continue to value and develop our "learning to learn" culture
- Celebrate progress, effort and achievement
- Help our children to develop lively, enquiring minds and encourage them to express themselves clearly in a variety of ways
- Foster strong links with our parents and the wider community
- Work hard to maintain the traditions of our school.

### **b)** Life Skills

In Year 2 we focus on developing the following life skills:

#### Staying Safe

Internet Safety Cycling and Permits

Fire safety

#### **Emotional Health and Well Being**

How do you feel?

Looking after your feeling

#### **Drug Education**

What can we eat and drink?

#### Sex and Relationships

Boys and girls equal and different Special

people

#### Economic Well Being and Financial Capability What's it

worth? Can we afford it? Do we need it?

#### Citizenship

Let's celebrate

Who is my neighbour and what communities do we belong to? Who makes our chocolate?

## **1. 6Rs**



Our one School Rule is **RESPECT** – represented by the lion who remind pupils to be respectful to other people and to take an interest in them.

We encourage the following skills in all pupils at all times:

	I remind you to be reflective in your learning and think about how well you are doing.
Owl – Reflective	
	I remind you to have good relationships when you work with other people.
Meerkat - Relationships	
	I remind you to be a risk taker in your learning and to learn from making mistakes.
Cat – Risk Taking	
	I remind you to be resourceful in your learning and try different ways to solve thing yourself.
Bee - Resourceful	
	I remind you to be loyal and responsible and care for those around them.
Dog - Responsible	
	I remind you to be resilient in your learning and never give up.
Tortoise - Resilient	

## a) "Catch them being good"

Our overriding school rule is **RESPECT** and this incorporates the Golden Rules which are as follows:

- We are gentle
- We are kind and helpful
- We listen
- We are honest
- We work hard
- We look after proper

Our behaviour system will now follow aspects of the Therapeutic Thinking model in classrooms, which is about supporting children to regulate their emotions themselves and reflect on their behaviours and emotions. We will not be using the traffic lights to manage behaviours in class, they will be more for helping the children to self-regulate their emotions and will be a good discussion tool for all pupils.

At Leechpool, we firmly believe that

#### Positive experiences create positive feelings Positive feelings create positive behaviour

We will talk about the **pro-social behaviours** that we actively encourage and plan activities to develop these.

We will use the term **anti-social behaviours** to describe behaviours that we do not wish to see and work with the pupils to identify why they might be displaying some of these behaviours and what support can be put into place to make them more pro-social.

We believe that emotional feedback is the most effective reward - praise, smiles, thumbs up, thank you etc. Tangible rewards (stickers, smiley faces, etc) are not effective in the long term and should only be a short-term prop. We believe that everyone starts each day on a positive. We also believe that everyone can expect to give and receive praise.

We will use a number of reward systems to develop and sustain this. These are:

Verbal and/or written praise

Showing work and sharing successes and achievements with other teachers and pupils Notes home

Displaying good work

Stickers - we will limit the amount of stickers we use as we want children to be verbally praised for what they achieve. Any stickers given need to be purposeful and explicitly given. Extra playtime

We will also continue to use the following to acknowledge the achievements of pupils:

- **Dragon tokens**—every pupil and member of staff belong to a Dragon Team. Pupils can receive dragon tokens from any member of staff for work or behaviour.
- Headteacher Awards—any member of staff can send a pupil to Mrs Davenport with a gold token—this is for exceptional pieces of work or exceptional behaviour. The children will then get a golden sticker from Mrs Davenport and their name written in the Golden Book which is read out in whole school assemblies on Mondays and Fridays.
- **Class Rewards**—in every class, pupils can work as a team and earn a token in the shape of their class animal. When the class have earned 20 class tokens, they can have a class reward, decided by themselves.
- Class Headteacher Awards—any member of staff can nominate a whole class for a particular reason such as good behaviour on a school trip, working well as a team, trying hard with a class assembly, etc.
- **Lunchtimes** at lunchtimes, pupils are praised and given yellow slips for good behaviour and polite manners. Stickers are given for pupils that try new foods or have a clean plate.

## **b) Our Year Group Continent**

Each year group's classes are named after animals from different continents according to size. The foundation stage class is named after the smallest continent, Australasia e.g. Kangaroos and Koalas.

Year group	Continent	Class names
Foundation Stage	Australasia	Kangaroo /Koala
Year 1	Europe	Hedgehog / Squirrel
Year 2	Antarctica	Penguin /Seal
Year 3	South America	Jaguar / Llama
Year 4	North America	Eagle/Bear
Year 5	Africa	Lions / Giraffe
Year 6	Asia	Panda / Tiger

## c) Pride in our uniform

Wearing the correct uniform to school is important. Please support us in ensuring your child comes to school wearing their uniform in a smart way. We also ask that they have the correct PE. kit in school for their PE and Sport lessons. These must be taken home to wash on a Friday and returned on a Monday morning. Please check the website if you are unsure what our uniform policy includes. Please ensure that all uniform is named so that, should it get lost, it can be returned to the correct person.

## **2. Successful Learners**

#### **Successful Learners**

#### Who.....

Have the essential learning skills of English, maths and computing

Have enquiring minds and are creative, resourceful and able to identify and solve problems

Communicate and collaborate well

Enjoy learning and are motivated to achieve the best they can now and in the future

#### **R.A.P time**

'Reflect and progress' time will be given once a week in both Literacy and Maths. Feedback will be provided by the teacher following a piece of completed work by the child and R.A.P time allows the children to 'reflect' on the feedback and then respond to the task given. When looking in the books, it will be evident which tasks were R.A.P as the child will respond using a blue pen.

R.A.P tasks can vary depending on the child's understanding and the learning objective. They may include making corrections, editing spelling errors, re-reading and improving work or a 'challenge' task to 'progress' the child into the next steps of learning.

#### **Learning Slips**

Children are given learning slips in Literacy, Maths and in some Topic work. These show what the children are learning and the steps they need to do to achieve this (success criteria). At the end of the lesson, the children are expected to self-assess (using traffic light colours) against the success criteria. The teacher then monitors their self-assessment and adjusts where necessary.

At the bottom of the learning slip, the children will indicate whether they have learnt independently, in pairs, in a group or with adult support. Additionally, in Literacy, they will indicate what part of the writing sequence they are completing.

## a) English

In Year 2, children receive 4 x 20 minute phonic/spelling sessions in their classes, as well. During this time, children will consolidate their phonic knowledge and begin to learn spelling patterns and rules which they can apply to their reading and writing.

They will also be expected to record sentences dictated to them by an adult. On Tuesday, children will be tested on spellings, they will have had opportunities to practise throughout the week. These spellings will be from spelling shed.

### i. Reading

During Guided Reading, children will be heard reading as part of a small guided reading group. During this time, children will practise their ability to decode unknown words, recall high frequency words and demonstrate an understanding of the text they have read. Your child will also bring home an individual, banded reading book. These reading books are self-selected by your child and we would like you to aim to read a minimum of 4 times a week with your child, daily where possible! We aim to help your child develop a love for reading with confidence.

Please do record each time you read with your child in their reading diary. It allows us to see that your child has read and also how successful they have been. The reading diaries are checked every day and allow us to track the children's progression through each book band before moving them up as appropriate.

#### Year 2 Reading Key Objectives

4	Apply phonic knowledge to decode words
1	
2	Speedily read all 40+ letters/groups of letters for 40+ phonemes(access all 40+ sound)
3	Read common exception words on sight (make a list available)
4	Read accurately by blending
5	Read aloud phonically decodable texts, checking that it makes sense
6	Listen to and discuss a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which you can read independently
7	Become very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them and considering their particular characteristics
8	Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far
9	Participate in discussion about what is read to you, taking turns and listening to what others say
10	Show you understand what is read to you by asking and answering questions.

### ii. Writing

#### **Purple Polishing Pens**

Purple polishing pens are used by the children to edit their written work. They are expected to use these independently after completing a writing task to correct spellings and punctuation and improve vocabulary and sentence structure. This can also be used in peer marking where another child may suggest improvements and record their initials on their partner work to show this. All children will write with a pen.

rea	rear 2 writing key Objectives		
1	Break words into phonemes for spelling		
2	Know some spellings which use variations of standard phonemes		
3	Use the possessive apostrophe (singular) e.g. The girl's book		
4	Spell more words with contracted forms e.g. don't		
5	Add suffixes to spell longer words, including •ment, •ness, •full, •less, •ly		
6	Write for different purposes		
7	Read aloud their writing using appropriate intonation		

#### Year 2 Writing Key Objectives

8	Use noun phrases
9	Use four main sentence types appropriately: statement, questions, exclamation and command
10	Use present and past tenses correctly
11	Use some coordinating (or, and, but) and subordinating (when, if, that, because) conjunctions
12	Use appropriate punctuation (full stop, exclamation mark, question mark, comma, apostrophe)

### iii. Spelling, Grammar and Punctuation Spelling in Year 2

Statutory requirements	Example words
The /d <sub>3</sub> / sound spelt as ge and dge at the end of words, and sometimes spelt as g elsewhere in words before e, i and y	badge, edge, bridge, dodge, fudge age, huge, change, charge, bulge, village gem, giant, magic, giraffe, energy jacket, jar, jog, join, adjust
The /s/ sound spelt c before e, i and y	race, ice, cell, city, fancy
The /n/ sound spelt kn and (less often) gn at the beginning of words	knock, know, knee, gnat, gnaw
The /r/ sound spelt wr at the beginning of words	write, written, wrote, wrong, wrap
The /l/ or sound spelt -le at the end of words	table, apple, bottle, little, middle
The /l/ or sound spelt -el at the end of words	camel, tunnel, squirrel, travel, towel, tinsel
The /l/ or sound spelt –al at the end of words	metal, pedal, capital, hospital, animal
Words ending –il	pencil, fossil, nostril
The /i/ sound spelt -y at the end of words	cry, fly, dry, try, reply, July
Adding –es to nouns and verbs ending in –y	flies, tries, replies, copies, babies, carries
Adding –ed, –ing, –er and –est to a root word ending in –y with a consonant before it	copied, copier, happier, happiest, cried, replied <b>but</b> copying, crying, replying
Adding the endings –ing, –ed, –er, –est and –y to words ending in –e with a consonant before it	hiking, hiked, hiker, nicer, nicest, shiny
Adding –ing, –ed, –er, –est and –y to words of one syllable ending in a single consonant letter after a single vowel letter	patting, patted, humming, hummed, dropping, dropped, sadder, saddest, fatter, fattest, runner, runny
The /a/ sound spelt a before I and II	all, ball, call, walk, talk, always
The /u/ sound spelt o	other, mother, brother, nothing, Monday

The /ee/ sound spelt –ey	key, donkey, monkey, chimney, valley
The /o/ sound spelt a after w and qu	want, watch, wander, quantity, squash
The /er/ sound spelt or after w	word, work, worm, world, worth
The /or/ sound spelt ar after w	war, warm, towards
The /zh/ sound spelt s	television, treasure, usual
The suffixes –ment, –ness, –ful , –less and –ly	enjoyment, sadness, careful, playful, hopeless, plainness (plain + ness), badly merriment, happiness, plentiful, penniless, happily
Contractions	can't, didn't, hasn't, couldn't, it's, I'll
The possessive apostrophe (singular nouns)	Megan's, Ravi's, the girl's, the child's, the man's
Words ending in -tion	station, fiction, motion, national, section
Homophones and near•homophones	there/their/they're, here/hear, quite/quiet, see/sea, bare/bear, one/won, sun/son, to/too/two, be/bee, blue/blew, night/knight
Common exception words	door, floor, poor, because, find, kind, mind, behind, child, children*, wild, climb, most, only, both, old, cold, gold, hold, told, every, everybody even, great, break, steak, pretty, beautiful, after, fast, last, past, father, class, grass, pass, plant, path, bath, hour, move, prove, improve, sure, sugar, eye, could, should, would, who, whole, any, many, clothes, busy, people, water, again, half, money, Mr, Mrs, parents, Christmas – and/or others according to programme used. <b>Note:</b> 'children' is not an exception to what has been taught so far but is included because of its

### Grammar & Punctuation in Year 2

Formation of <b>nouns</b> using <b>suffixes</b> such as <i>–ness</i> , <i>–er</i> and by compounding [for
example, whiteboard, superman]
Formation of <b>adjectives</b> using <b>suffixes</b> such as <i>-ful</i> , <i>-less</i>
Use of the <b>suffixes</b> -er, -est in <b>adjectives</b> and the use of -ly in Standard
English to turn adjectives into <b>adverbs</b>

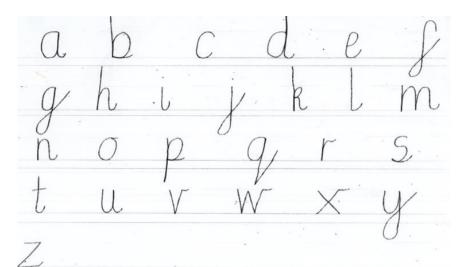
Sentence	Subordination (using when, if, that, because) and coordination (using or, and, but)
	Expanded noun phrases for description and specification [for example, the blue
	butterfly, plain flour, the man in the moon]
	How the grammatical patterns in a sentence indicate its function as a statement, question, exclamation or command
Text	Correct choice and consistent use of <b>present tense</b> and <b>past tense</b> throughout writing
	Use of the <b>progressive</b> form of <b>verbs</b> in the <b>present</b> and <b>past tense</b> to mark actions in progress [for example, <i>she is drumming, he was shouting</i> ]
Describer of the second	Line of constal latters, full stone, question marks and evaluation marks to demorrate
Punctuation	Use of capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcat sentences
	Commas to separate items in a list
	<b>Apostrophes</b> to mark where letters are missing in spelling and to mark singular possession in nouns [for example, <i>the girl's name</i> ]
Terminology	noun, noun phrase
for pupils	statement, question, exclamation,
	command compound, suffix
	adjective, adverb, verb tense (past, present) apostrophe, comma

### iv. Handwriting

During Year 2, pupils will be taught to:

- Form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another
- Start using some of the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left un-joined
- Write capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower case letters
- Use spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters.

We use the 'Penpals' Handwriting publication to develop fluent, legible handwriting. Teaching progresses from developing gross and fine motor skills to confident letter formation and accomplished joins. Children are expected to have gained their pen license by the end of Year 3 where they will be consistently joining their handwriting to a high standard.



## **b)** Mathematics

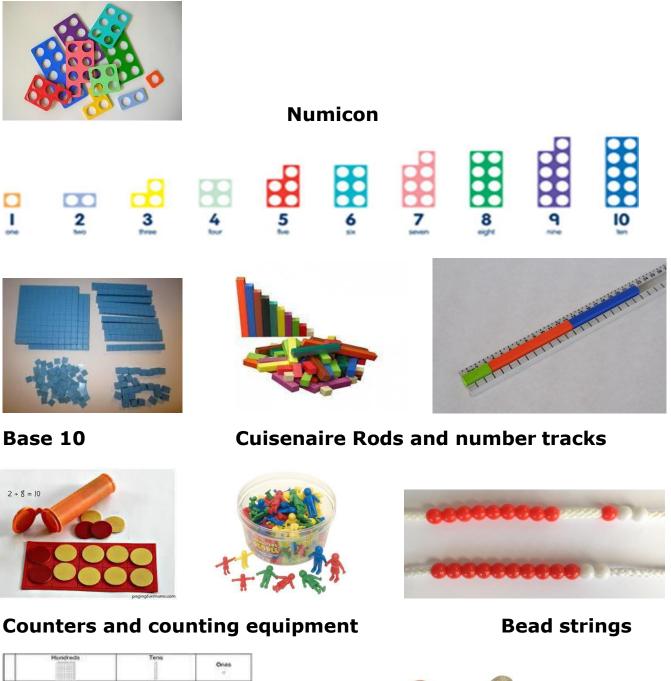
Year 2 Maths Key Objectives

1	Count in steps of 2s, 3s and 5s, and steps of 10
2	Recognise place value in two-digit numbers
3	Compare and order numbers up to 100 using <, > and =
4	Recall and use number addition/subtraction facts to 20, and derive related facts
5	Add and subtract mentally and with objects one and two-digit numbers
6	Understand and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction
7	Know 2x, 5x and 10x tables, including recognizing odd & even numbers
8	Calculate mathematical statements using x and ÷ symbols

9	Recognise, find, name and write 1/3, 1/4, 1/2 and 3/4 of size, shape or quantity
10	Write simple fraction facts, e.g. $1/2$ of $6 = 3$
11	Combine amounts of money to make a value, including using $\pounds$ and p symbols
12	Tell the time to the nearest 5 minutes, including drawing clocks
13	Describe properties of 2•D shapes, including number of sides and symmetry
14	Describe properties of 3•D shapes, including number of edges, vertices and faces
15	Interpret and construct simple tables, tally charts and pictograms

#### Leechpool Primary School Calculation Policy Equipment

Children have access to a variety of mathematical apparatus designed to aid their calculation with numbers. These may include some of the following:



	Hundreds	Tens	Ones d
Player 1			
Player 2			

**Calculation mats** 

Coins

#### Written Calculation Methods

As children progress in their ability to solve mathematical calculations we teach the children specific ways to record their working out. It is important that children progress through each stage of the progression chart as this ensures they fully grasp the mathematical concepts that underpin the calculations they are doing.

#### Key Vocabulary

Addition	Subtraction
More	Take away
Add	Minus
Plus	Subtract
Sum	Less
Increase	Difference
Total	Decrease
Altogether	Inverse
Inverse	
<b>~</b>	
Multiplication	Division
Lots of	Divide
Groups of	Group equally
Times	Share equally
Repeated Addition	Factor
Multiply	Inverse
Product	Remainder
Inverse	Quotient
	Divisor
	•

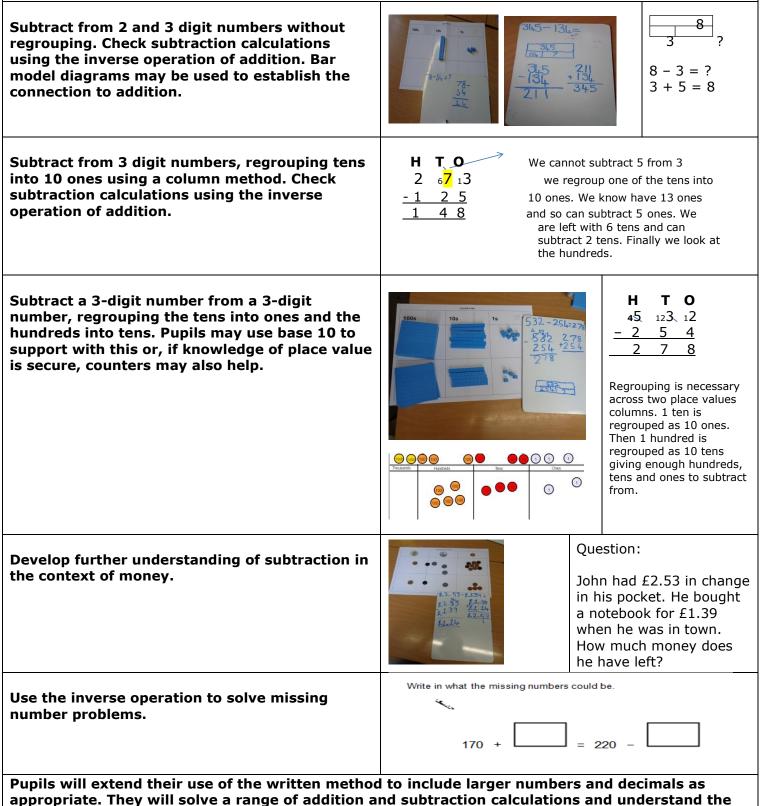
#### Written Calculation Methods – Addition

as appropriate.

Written Calculation Methods – Additio Prior to using the formal written methods of addition and subtraction pupils will use a variety of equipment to explore smaller number bonds. Quick and accurate recall of these facts, and establishing the connections between them, helps greatly with larger addition and subtraction calculations.	$ \begin{array}{c} 6 + 3 = 9 \\ 3 + 6 = 9 \\ 9 - 3 = 6 \\ 9 - 6 = 3 \end{array} $
To aid with addition and subtraction pupils will use equipment including base 10. Base 10 can be used to visual the partitioning of larger numbers.	Travands Hadreds Tess Ones Regresent the Regresent the 1000 600 70 2
Pupils understand how tens, hundreds and thousands can be regrouped using base 10 as a visual aid.	1 ten = 10 ones       1 hundred = 10 tens       1 thousand = 10 hundreds
Add 2 and 3 digit numbers together, using base-10 apparatus to solve addition problems that do not involve regrouping.	$ \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{TO} \\ 43 \\ +24 \\ \hline 67 \end{array} $
Add 2 and 3 digit numbers together, using base-10 apparatus to solve addition problems that involve regrouping.	<b>36 + 45</b> The ones are added and we have 11. This needs to be regrouped into 1 ten and 1 one. Adding the tens gives 8 tens in total.
Develop understanding of the column method of addition involving regrouping ones and tens.	T O7 7 $\frac{\pm 4.5}{1.2.2}$ 1 17 + 5 = 12The 12 is regrouped in 1ten and 2 ones. The 1 ten is shownunderneath and then included in the additionof the tens.The 7 tens, 4 tens and 1 ten are added toequal 12 tens. These are regrouped as1 hundred and 2 tens.7 7 $\frac{\pm 4.5}{1.2.2}$ 1 2 21 1 2 2
Develop further understanding of addition in the context of money. Pupils extend their written method to work with inc	Hundred       Tens       Ones / Units       Indexts       Tens       Data / Units         1       1       4       6       1       .       4       6         2       4       5       1       .       4       6         2       4       5       3       9       1         1       3       9       1       1       1         1       3       9       1       1       1         1       3       9       1       1       1

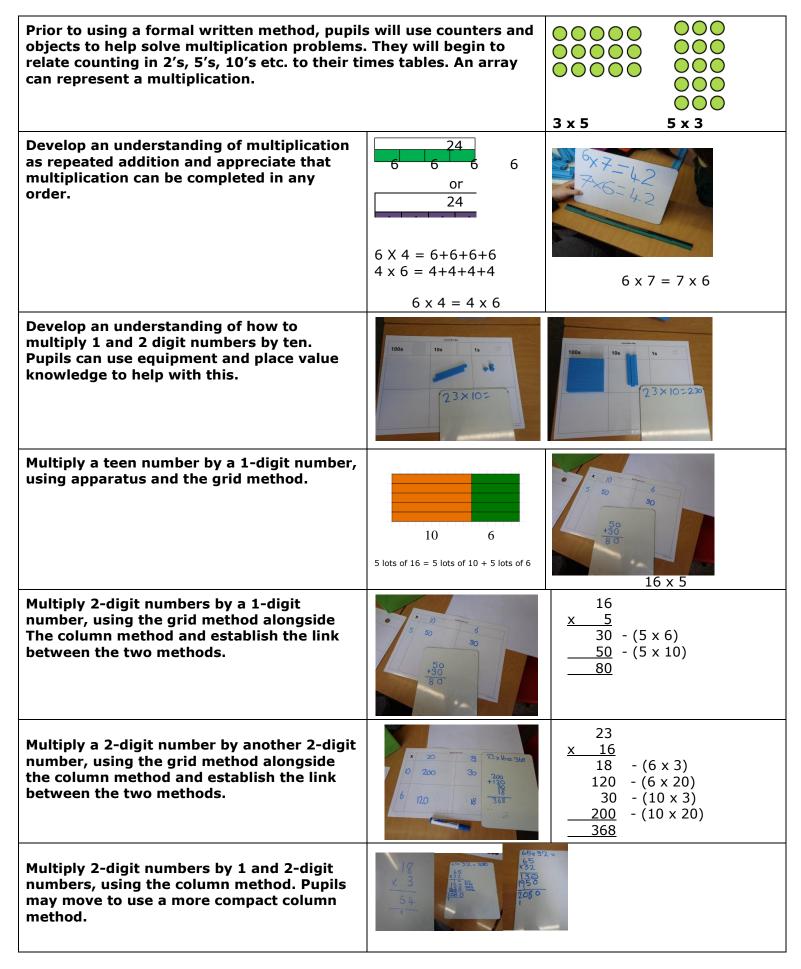
#### Written Calculation Methods – Subtraction

Prior to using a written method, pupils may use objects or counters to explore the notation of subtraction. Number lines may be used to count backwards. Connections should be made to addition and smaller number bonds that pupils can recall.

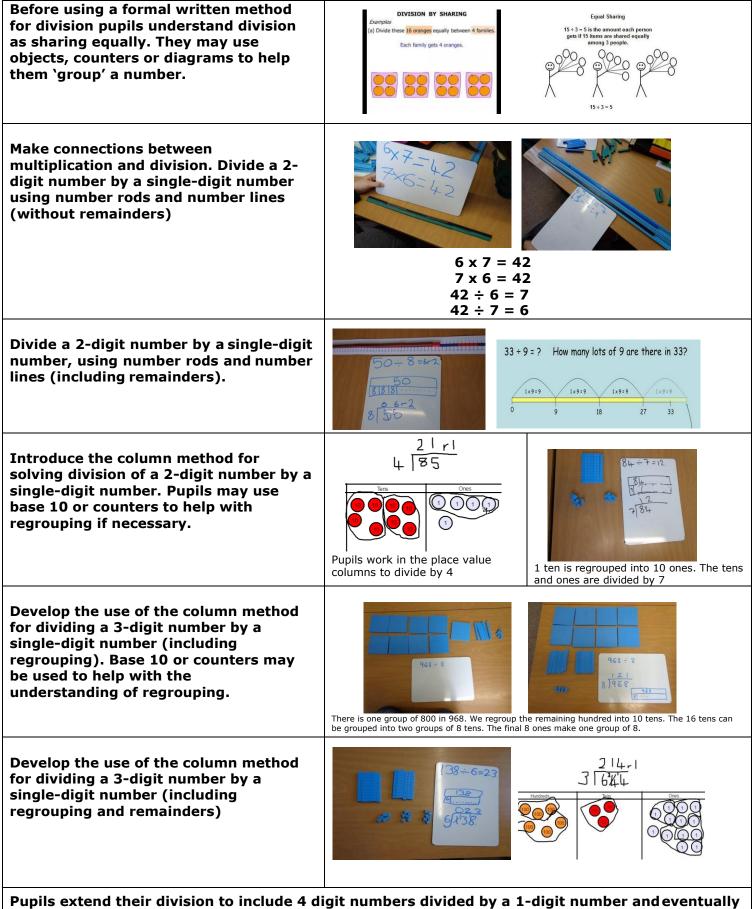


mathematical vocabulary for addition and subtraction.

#### Written Calculation Methods – Multiplication



#### Written Calculation Methods – Division



4 digit numbers divided by 2 digit numbers. It should be noted that knowledge and recall of times tables and related division facts is vital for long multiplication and division. It is expected that pupils should have this knowledge by the end of year 4.

### iii. Key Essentials

To aid children with their mathematical learning, there are certain 'key essentials' that your child should know as they progress through school. The table below details these:

Veer 1	
Year 1	I can use objects to work out one more and one less.
	I can read and write numbers from 0 to 10.
	I can show an understanding of $+$ - and $=$ .
	I can recall number bonds within 5.
	I can understand that the total number will change when objects are added or
	taken away.
	I can count to 20.
	I can name some common 2-D shapes.
Year 2	I can work out one more and one less of a given number.
	I can count, read and write numbers from 0 to 100.
	I can read and write number statements using +. – and =.
	I can recall number bonds within 10.
	I can add 1 digit and 2 digit numbers to 20 using objects and pictures.
	I can subtract 1 digit and 2 digit numbers to 20 using objects and pictures.
	I can find and name 1/2 (half) of an object, shape or amount.
	I can recognise and name some common 2D and 3D shapes.
Year 3	I can read and write numbers to 100 in numerals.
	I can count in steps of 2, 5, 10s.
	I can find the place value of each digit of a number with tens and ones.
	I can answer simple addition and subtraction questions in my head as well as by
	writing them down.
	I can remember and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5, 10 times
	tables.
	I can find, name and write fractions of a length, shape, set of objects or amount.
	I can notice and explain the properties of 2D and 3D shapes.
	I can read measurement scales in 1s, 2s ,5 s and 10s.
Year 4	I can use number bonds for all numbers up to 20.
	I can use the 3 times table fluently, including multiplication and division facts.
	I can use the 4 times table fluently, including multiplication and division facts.
	I can use the 8 times table fluently, including multiplication and division facts.
	I can recall facts about durations of time (e.g. days in the week, minutes in an
	hour, hours in three days, months of the year).
	I can tell the time to the nearest minute.
	I can recognise a right angle and name its value.
Year 5	I can use number bonds to 100.
	I can use the 12 x 12 fluently, including multiplication and division facts.
	I can recognise decimal equivalents of fractions for $\frac{1}{2}$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ , $\frac{3}{4}$ and any number of
	tenths and hundredths.
	I can multiply and divide single digit numbers by 10 and 100.
	I can round any number to the nearest 10 or 100.
	I can add and subtract numbers up to 4 digits using the formal column method.
	I can name all 2D shapes up to 10-sided, including all 6 quadrilaterals.
	I can recall fact relating to the conversion of measurements (e.g. cms in a m,
	mls in a l).
Year 6	I can use times tables up to 12 x 12 fluently.
	I can understand the value and order of each place value columns from 3dp to
	10,000,000.
	I can mentally calculate addition and subtraction calculations where regrouping
	is not required.

I can multiply and divide whole number by 10, 100 and 1000.
I can use written column addition and subtraction, regrouping where necessary.
I can read the time on both a 12 and 24 hour clock to 1 minute intervals.
I can name all 2D shapes up to 10-sided, including all 6 quadrilaterals.
I can recall decimal number bonds to 1 and 10.
I can recall facts relating to the conversion of measurements (e.g. cms in a m,
mls in a l).

Within our teaching, the key essentials for each year group contain learning the children have already experienced as they have moved through the school. Whilst we will revisit these topics and show the children how these can be used to answer questions across all areas of the maths curriculum, a strong knowledge of the 'key essentials' will help them maximize their learning in their new year group.

In order to assist further practice of this, we will be using a scheme across all year groups: Dragon, Rainbow, Solar and infinity maths. More details of this can be found on our website and will be available on the 'Meet the teacher' evening in September.

It is key that you support your child in learning these 'key essentials' using games, websites and oral practice at home. If you need any advice, please do not hesitate to ask your class teacher.

### iii. Vocabulary New Maths Vocabulary for Year 2

Number and	Place Value				
more	numeral				
less	figure				
digit	compare				
tens	ones				
greater than	less than				
more than	partition				
Addition & S					
+ add	number bond				
+ more	number line				
+ plus	= equals (the same as)				
+ make	difference				
+ sum	- subtract				
+ total	- take away				
+ altogether	- minus				
inverse	- less				
Multiplication	& Division				
x times	÷ divide				
x lots of	÷ divided by				
x groups of	÷ Shared by				
x multiply	÷ equally shared				
repeated addition	÷ equally grouped				
array	row				
inverse	column				
odd	even				
Fract					
whole	half				
halves	quarter				
equal parts	share				
third	three - quarters				
Properties					
3 dimensional (3D)	2 dimensional (2D)				
cube	square				
cuboid	circle				
pyramid	rectangle				
sphere	triangle				
cone	hexagon				
cylinder	octagon				
triangular prism	pentagon				
square based pyramid	round				
triangular based pyramid	face				
edge	vertices				
line of symmetry	vertices				
Position and	Direction				
whole turn	half turn				
guarter turn	three-quarter turn				
clockwise	anti-clockwise				
north	east				
south	west				
left	right				
ICIL	right				
rotation					

Measurement						
full	container					
half full	day					
empty	week					
second	month					
minute	hour					
weighs	year					
balances	length					
heavier	temperature					
lighter	degrees Celsius ( °c)					
scales	time					
half past	o'clock					
width	quarter past					
height	quarter to					
litres (I)	millilitres ( ml)					
kilograms (kg)	grams (g)					
pence (p)	pounds (£)					
Statis	itics					
tally chart	pictogram					
table	represent					

# **3. Our Curriculum**

Our topics this year are:

Theme(s)	Description										
Up, Up and	We will be travelling the world and discovering the 7 continents and 5										
Away	oceans. Whilst visiting the continents we will focus on animals, plants and										
	habitats across the world.										
As Cold as	When we become polar explorers, we will time travel back to when										
Ice	Antarctica was first discovered and find out about important explorer who										
	travelled there.										
<b>Burning Hot</b>	When we travel to Africa we will study the life of Nelson Mandela. We will										
_	look at his achievements and the impact this has had on the world.										
World War 1	We will be looking at what life was like over 100 years ago during World										
	War 1. We will find out about the life Lillian Franklin who was a nurse from										
	Horsham during World War 1.										

### Websites we use at school

At school we use a number of websites to support the children's learning. Year 2 children will be given the log in details for all these websites and they will spend some time in school getting used to accessing them. All are accessible from home devices. Here are the main ones:

- Seesaw https://web.seesaw.me/
- Spelling shed <a href="https://www.spellingshed.com/">https://www.spellingshed.com/</a>
- Google Classroom <u>https://classroom.google.com/</u>
- TT Rockstars <u>www.ttrockstars.com</u>
- My Maths <u>www.mymaths.co.uk</u>

# 4. Our Timetable

	8.3 5 - 8.5 5			10. 30 - 10. 45			12. 10 - 13. 10	13.1 0- 13.1 0				14.40 _ 15.00
Monday		Assembly	Maths	Break	Phoni cs	Literacy (Spelling/Gram mar)	Lunch		Guided Reading	Spanish	Guided Reading	-
						,			Guidec	Reading	Spanish	
Tuesday		Guided Reading	Maths	Break	Singing assembly	Literacy	Lunch		Science		(Spelling test eekly)	home
Wednes day	Registration	Guided Reading	Maths	Break	Phoni cs	Literacy	Lunch	Registration	Tc	pic	P.E	Getting ready to go home
Thursday		Guided Reading	(9.45- 10.25) Computin g/Music	Break	Assembly	Literacy	Lunch		Phoni cs	Тор	oic	Getting
Friday		Assembly	Maths	Break	Phoni cs	Literacy	Lunch		Golden Time	RE/PSC HE	PE	

As a school we keep the timetable quite flexible to enable us to better meet the needs of the children. However, there are a few lessons which are fixed each week. Please ensure your child has the correct equipment in each day. This includes:

- PE kit this should be named. These need to be in school every day with the appropriate clothes for the time of year. Please ensure your child has a change of socks.
- Reading Record this should be in school every day along with the book your child is reading. They will have time every day from 8:35-8:50 a.m. to change their reading book once it is finished. Children should place their book in the correct box in the classroom to show whether they have read the previous evening and may get a dragon token if they have.
- A water bottle to be brought to school daily, for children to access during the day.

The children will need their PE kits in school on Wednesdays and Fridays:

# 5. Being Healthy at School

We are proud to be a Healthy School. At break times the children can bring into school a healthy snack. We ask that **no** sweets, chocolate or biscuits are eaten at this time.

We are a **nut free** school and ask that nothing containing nuts is brought in by the children for both their healthy snack and in their packed lunch.

We ask that all pupils bring in a water bottle - to be brought in daily and kept in specific boxes in the classroom for easy access during the day.

At lunchtime the children can either bring a packed lunch to school or have a hot meal provided by Chartwells. These meals need to be pre-ordered via their website:

<u>www.parentpay.com</u> Children in Year 2 eat lunch at 12.00.

